

Beyond Level Planarity

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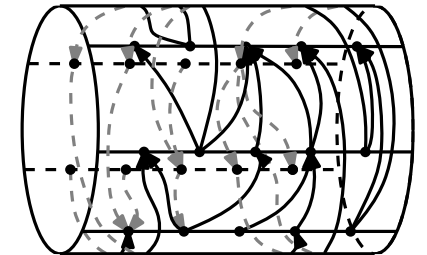
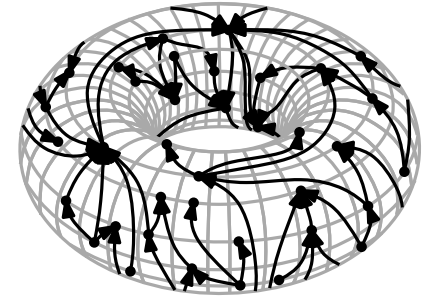
Outline

Extensions of Level Planarity

- **Level Embeddings on Surfaces**

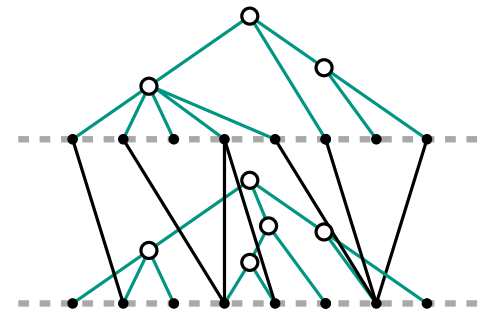
Problems:

- Cyclic and Torus Level Planarity

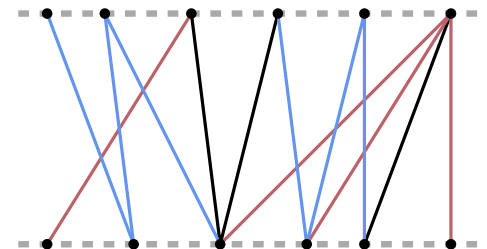


Consecutivity constraints:

- Radial, Cyclic, and Torus \mathcal{T} -Level Planarity



- **Simultaneous Level Planarity**

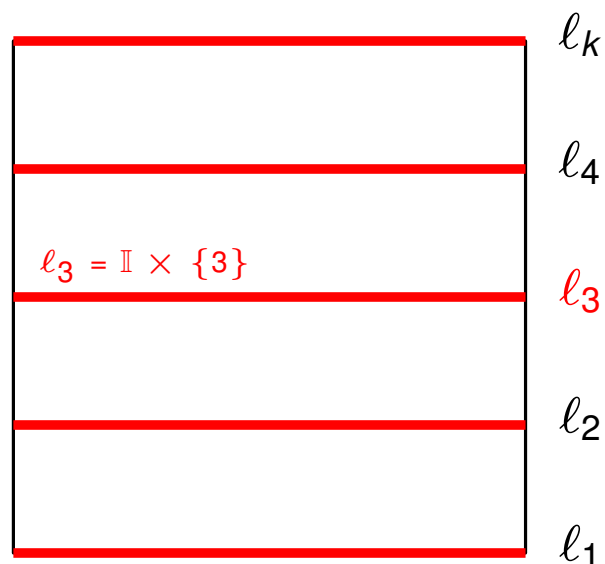


Level Embeddings on Surfaces

(CYCLIC AND TORUS LEVEL PLANARITY)

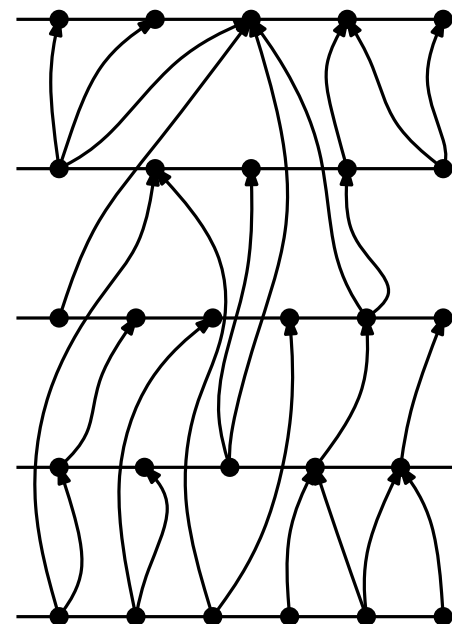
“in order to enlarge the class of level graphs that allow for a level embedding (level drawing with no crossings), the notion of Level Planarity has been extended to surfaces different from the plane”

Levels on the PLANE



$$\mathbb{P} = \mathbb{I} \times \mathbb{I}$$

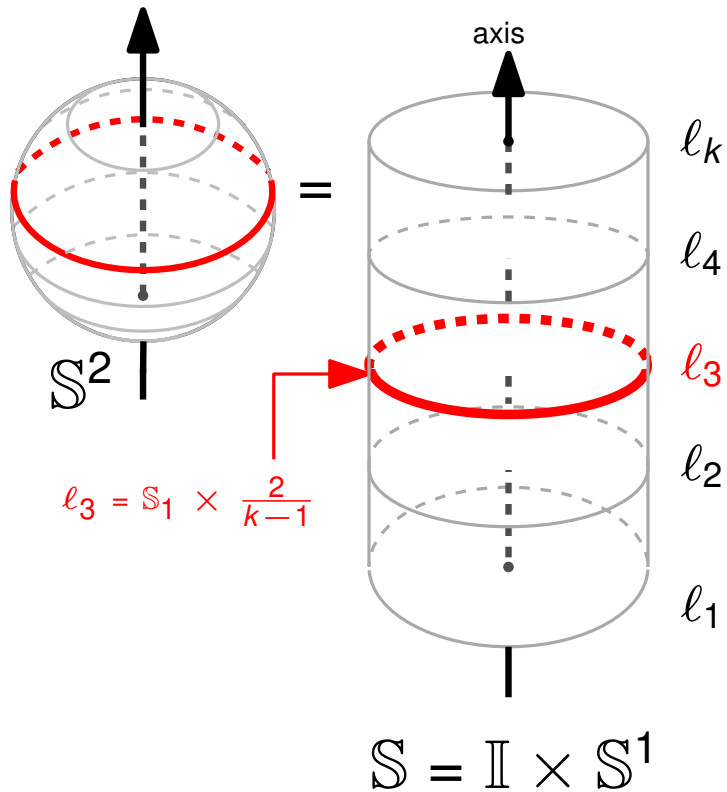
Level
Planarity



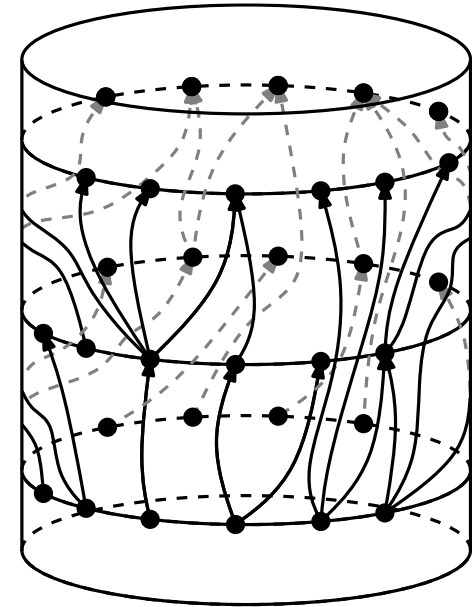
$(V, E, \gamma), \gamma : V \rightarrow \{1, 2, \dots, k\}$
edges (u, v) with $\gamma(u) < \gamma(v)$ are not allowed

- Di Battista, G., Nardelli, E.: **Hierarchies and planarity theory.** *IEEE Trans. Systems, Man, and Cybernetics*, 1988.
- Jünger, M., Leipert, S., Mutzel, P.: **Level planarity testing in linear time.** *GD*, 1998.

Levels on the SPHERE/STANDING CYLINDER



Radial Level
Planarity



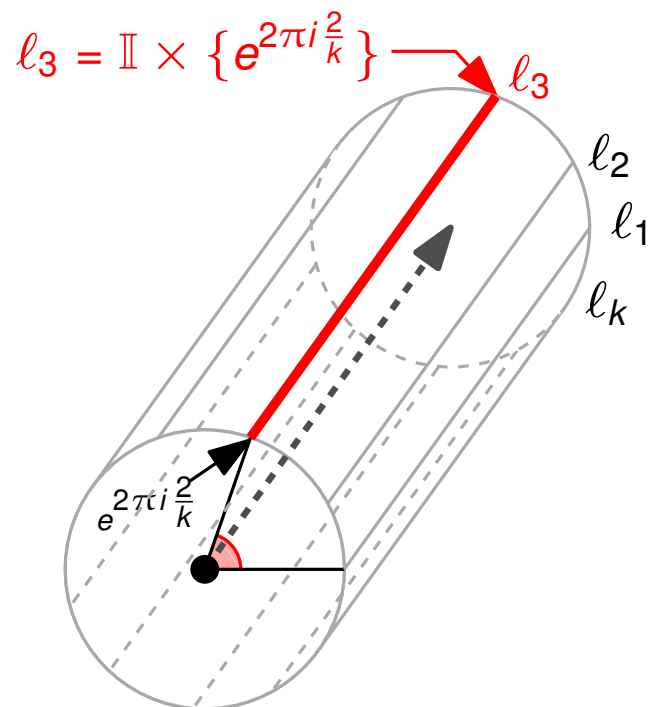
$$(V, E, \gamma), \gamma : V \rightarrow \{1, 2, \dots, k\}$$

edges (u, v) with $\gamma(u) < \gamma(v)$ are not allowed

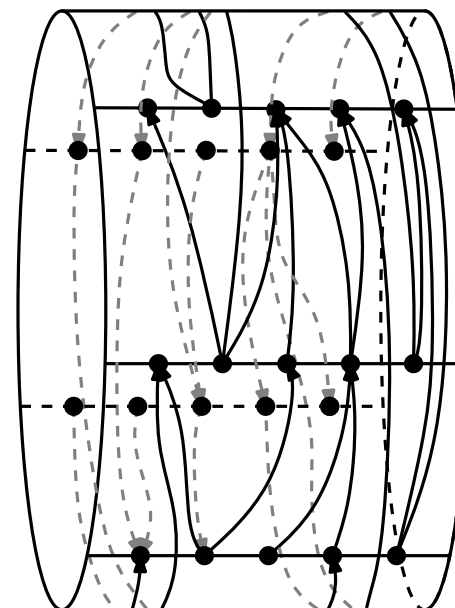
(we can now draw edges that “wrap around” the cylinder axis)

- Bachmaier, C., Brandenburg, F., Forster, M.: **Radial level planarity testing and embedding in linear time.** *JGAA*, 2005.
- Fulek, R., Pelsmajer, M., Schaefer, M.: **Hanani-Tutte for Radial Planarity II.** *GD '16*

Levels on the ROLLING CYLINDER



Cyclic Level
Planarity

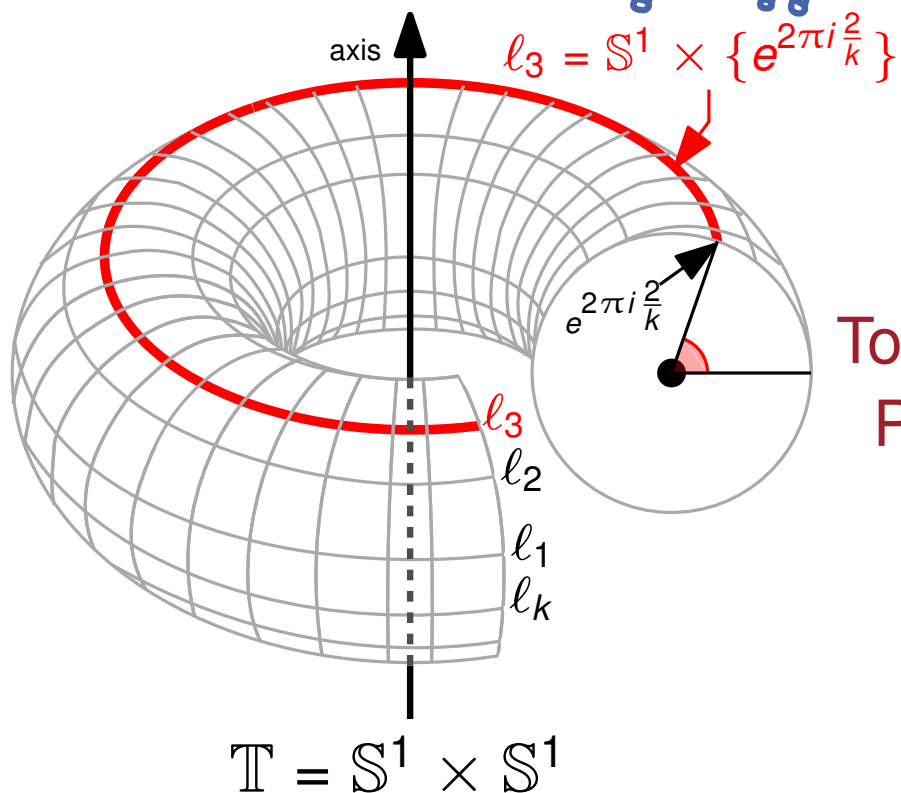
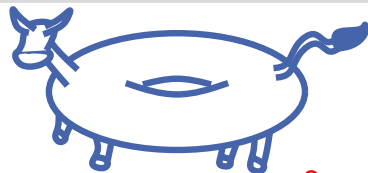


$$\mathbb{R} = S^1 \times \mathbb{I}$$

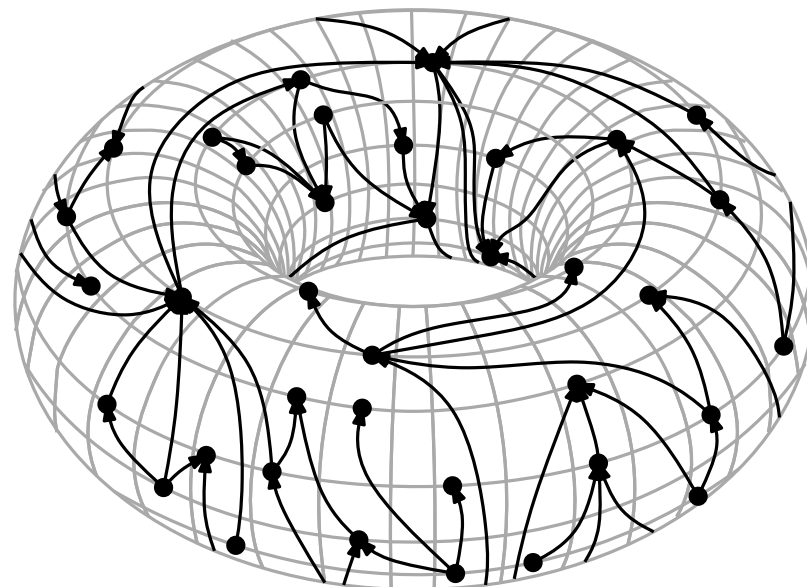
$(V, E, \gamma), \gamma : V \rightarrow \{1, 2, \dots, k\}$
edges (u, v) with $\gamma(u) < \gamma(v)$ are allowed

- Bachmaier, C., Brunner, W.: **Linear time planarity testing and embedding of strongly connected cyclic level graphs.** *ESA, 2008.*
- **General instances?** *Bachmaier, Brunner, and König [GD'07] claimed that an $O(|V|^6)$ -time algorithm for Cyclic LP can be obtained from the LP testing algorithm by Healy and Kuusik*

Levels on the



Torus Level
Planarity



$(V, E, \gamma), \gamma : V \rightarrow \{1, 2, \dots, k\}$
edges (u, v) with $\gamma(u) < \gamma(v)$ are allowed

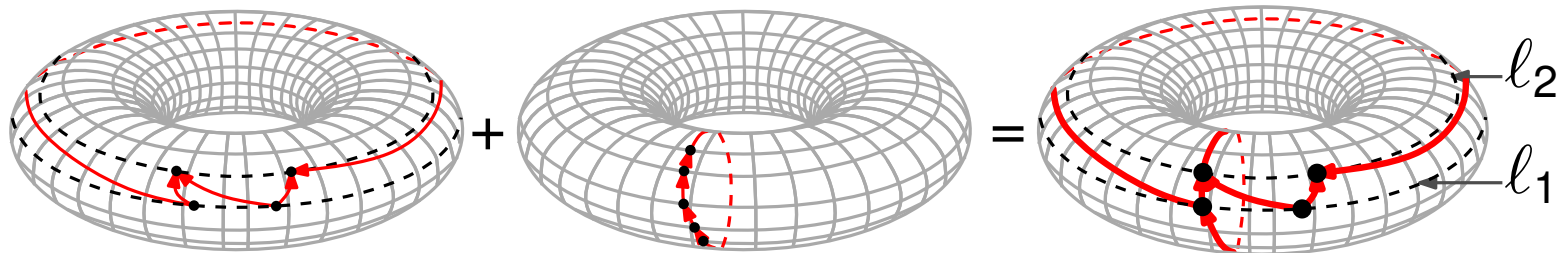
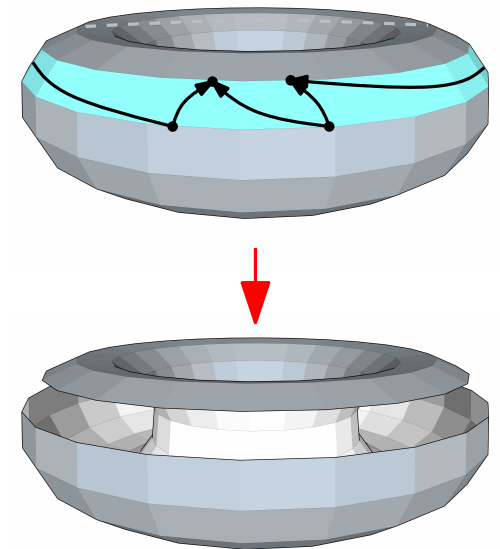
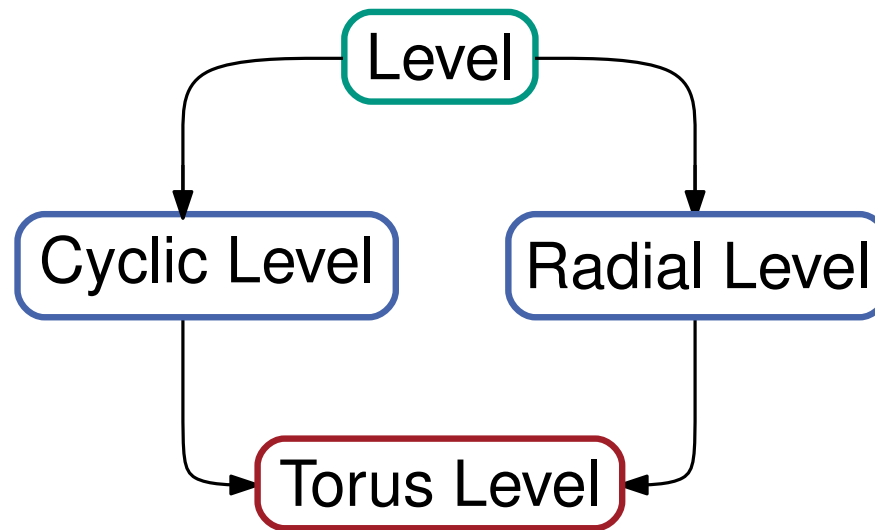
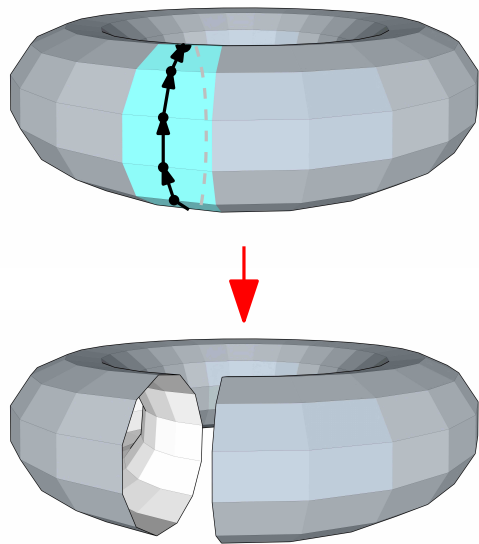
?
open
problem in:

- Bachmaier, C., Brunner, W., König, C.: **Cyclic Level Planarity Testing and Embedding.** *GD '07.*
- Brunner, W.: **Cyclic Level Drawings of Directed Graphs.** *PhD thesis, 2010.*
- Hammersen, K.: **A Characterization of Radial Graphs.** *Deutschen Nationalbibliothek, 2013.*

Level Planarity Variants

Lemma

CYCLIC AND RADIAL LEVEL PLANARITY \leq_L TORUS LEVEL PLANARITY



A (planar) level graph that is **neither cyclic nor radial level planar**, yet it is **torus level planar**

Simultaneous PQ-Ordering: basic concepts 1/2

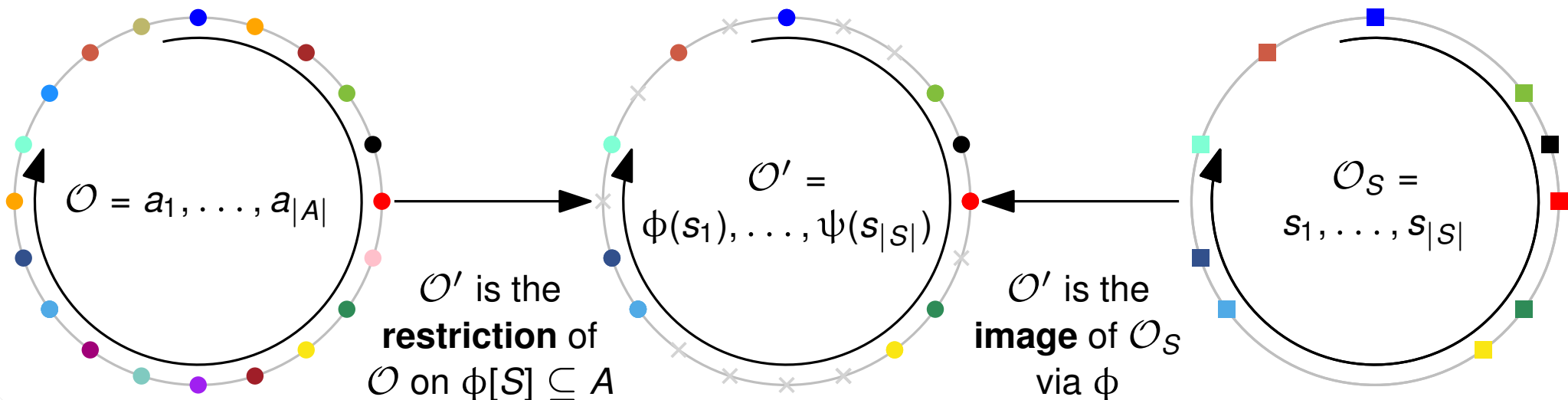
Lemma

Proper Torus Level Planarity \leq_L Simultaneous PQ-Ordering

● Orders and Suborders

- finite sets A (● ● ● ● ●) and S (■ ■ ■ ■)
- **injective map** $\phi : S \rightarrow A$
- order \mathcal{O} on A
- order \mathcal{O}_S on S

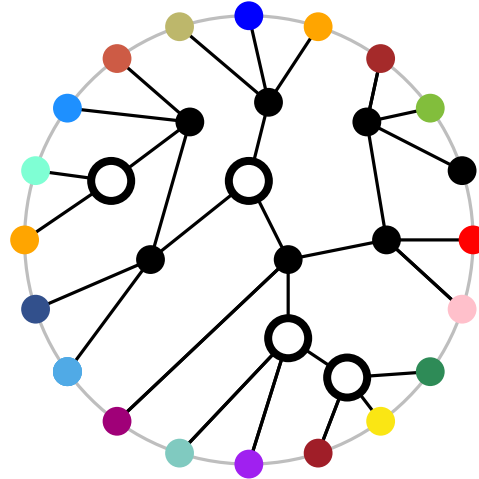
order \mathcal{O} extends order \mathcal{O}_S
when:



Simultaneous PQ-Ordering: basic concepts 2/2

- **PQ-representable orders:** (circular) **PQ-trees** represent (circular) orders of their leaves with **consecutivity constraints**
 - **two versions:** *rooted* [Booth&Lueker, '76]; *unrooted*: [Hsu&McConnell, '01]
 - **two types** of internal nodes

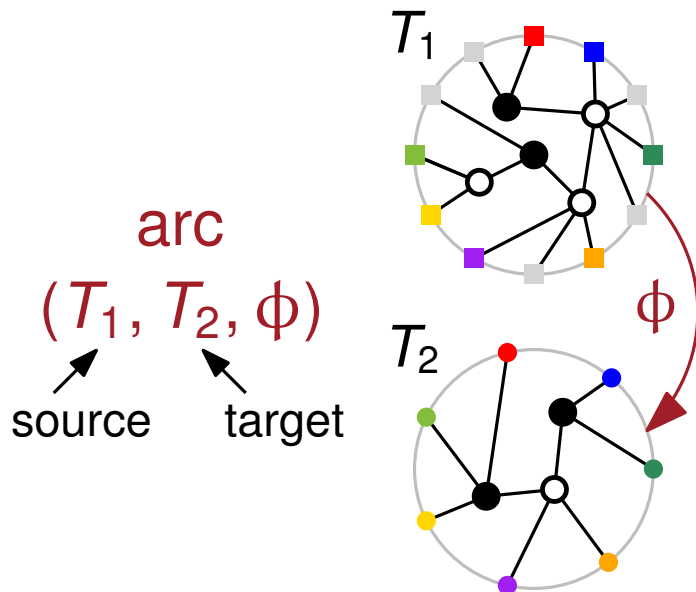
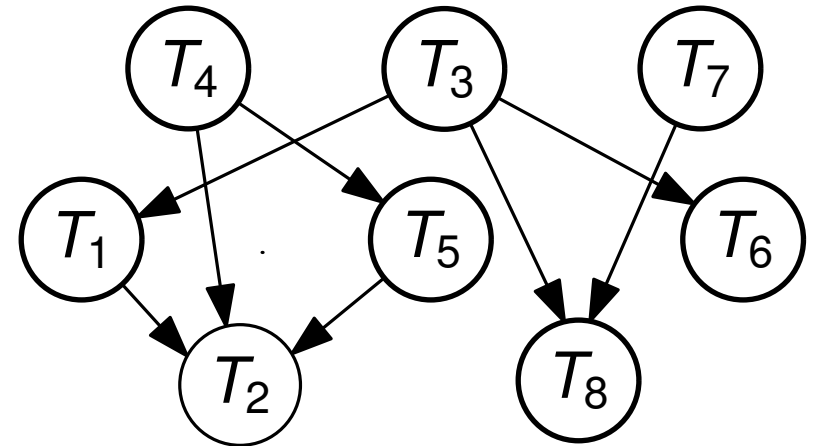
PQ-tree T
with $\mathcal{L}eaves(T) = A$



- **P-nodes:** permutations ○ **Q-nodes:** flips

Simultaneous PQ-Ordering: problem definition

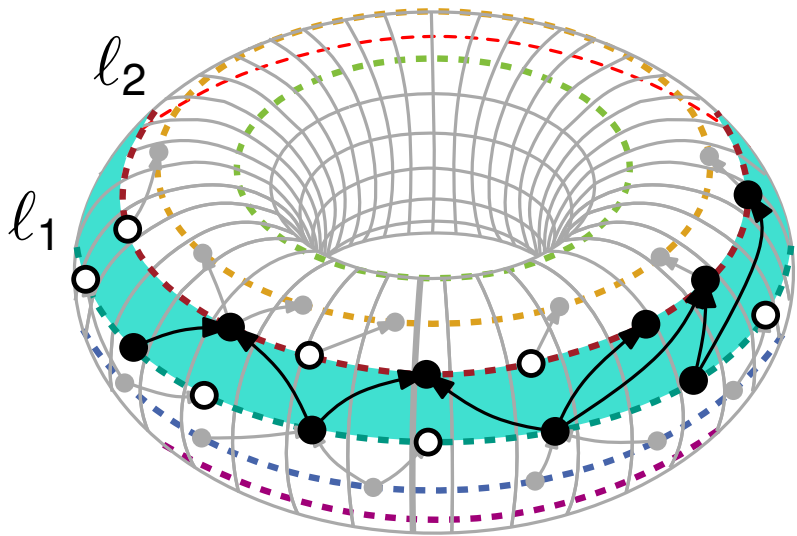
- **input:** a DAG = (N, Z)
 - each node $T_i \in N$ is a PQ-tree
 - each arc $\overrightarrow{T_i T_j} \in Z$ is equipped with an **injective map**
 $\phi : \mathcal{L}eaves(T_j) \rightarrow \mathcal{L}eaves(T_i)$



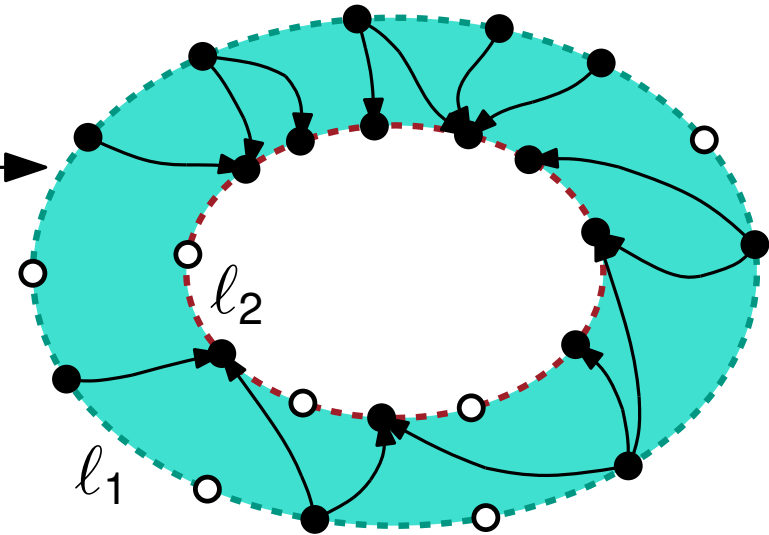
arc (T_1, T_2, ϕ) is **satisfied**
by orders \mathcal{O}_1 of T_1 and \mathcal{O}_2 of T_2 if
 \mathcal{O}_1 extends \mathcal{O}_2

- **question:** do there exist orders \mathcal{O}_i for each PQ-tree $T_i \in N$ that simultaneously satisfy all the arcs in Z ?

From k levels to 2 levels



Torus Level Embedding of
 $G = (\bigcup_{i=1}^k V_i, E, \gamma)$



Radial Level Embedding of
 $G_{1,2} = (V_i \cup V_{i+1}, (V_i \times V_{i+1}) \cap E, \gamma)$

Observation:

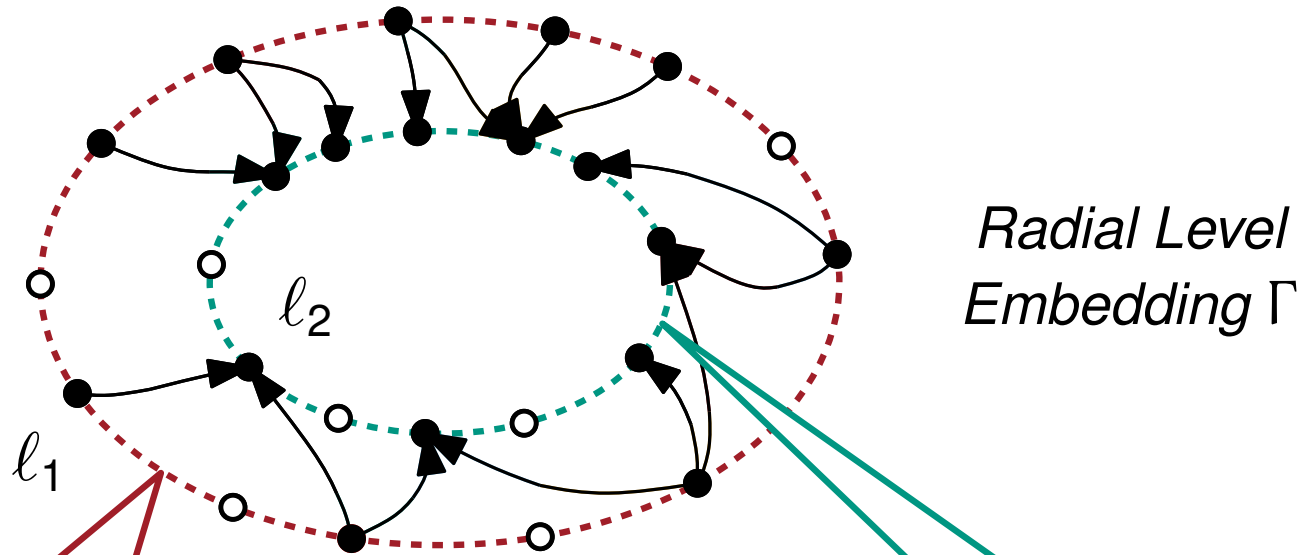
A proper level graph $G = (\bigcup_{i=1}^k V_i, E, \gamma)$ has a **torus level embedding** with orders $\mathcal{O}_1, \dots, \mathcal{O}_k$ on V_1, \dots, V_k along l_1, \dots, l_k

if and only if

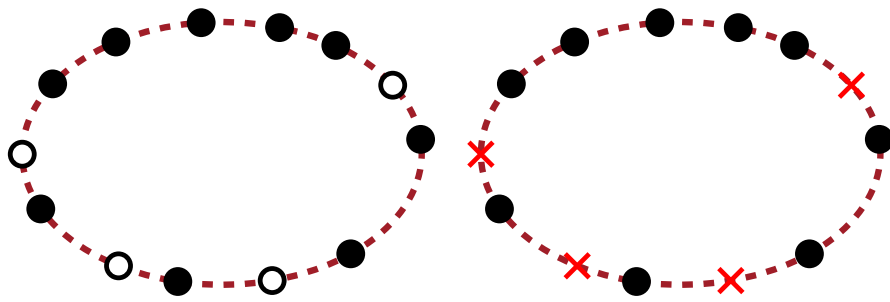
\exists **radial level embedding** of level graphs $(V_i \cup V_{i+1}, (V_i \times V_{i+1}) \cap E, \gamma)$ on two levels with orders \mathcal{O}_1 (\mathcal{O}_{i+1}) on V_i (V_{i+1}) along l_i (l_{i+1})

Orders in Radial Level Embeddings: vertex ordering

Level graph $G_{1,2} = (V_1 \cup V_2, E_{1,2} = E \cap V_1 \times V_2, \gamma)$ between l_1 and l_2



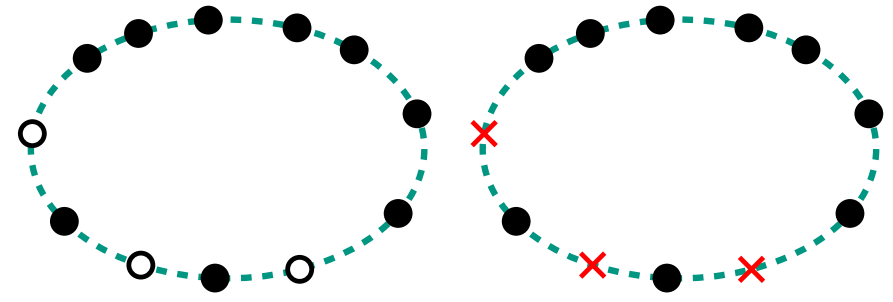
Orders along l_1



\mathcal{O}_1 on V_1

\mathcal{O}_1^+ on V_1^+

Orders along l_2

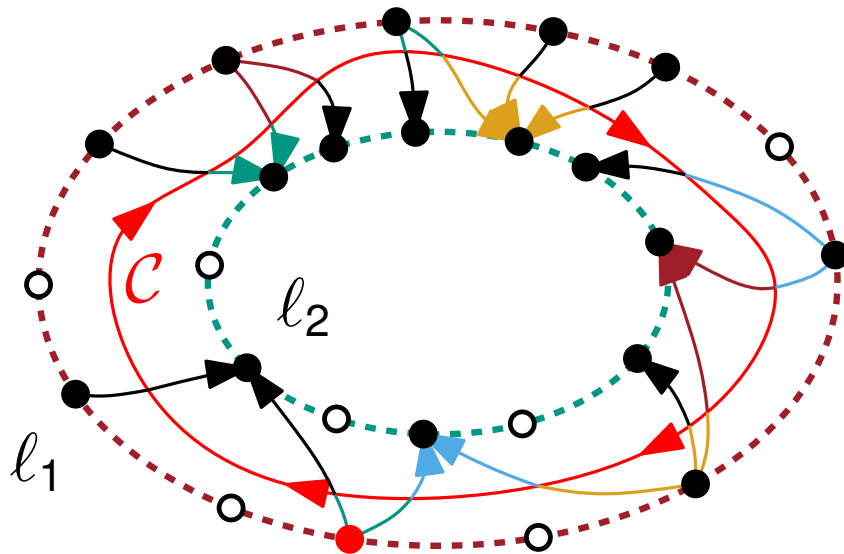


\mathcal{O}_2 on V_2

\mathcal{O}_2^- on V_2^-

Orders in Radial Level Embeddings: edge ordering

Level graph $G_{1,2} = (V_1 \cup V_2, E_{1,2} = E \cap V_1 \times V_2, \gamma)$ between l_1 and l_2



*Radial Level
Embedding Γ*

edge ordering on $E_{1,2}$ in Γ circular order in which the edges intersect curve \mathcal{C}

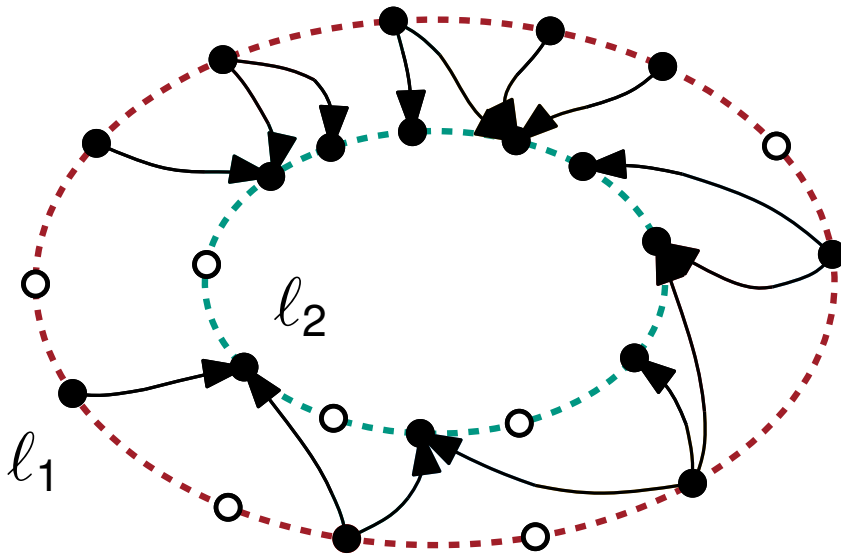
vertex-consecutive order circular order \mathcal{O} on $E_{1,2}$ s.t. $\forall v \in V_1 \cup V_2$ the edges incident to v are **consecutive** in \mathcal{O}

Observation:

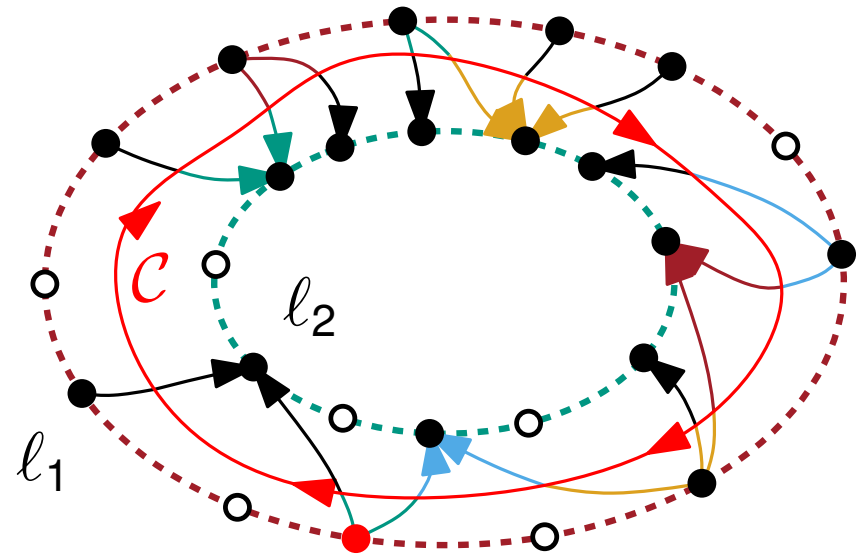
vertex-consecutive orders (and hence **edge orders**) are PQ-representable

Radial Level Planarity on 2 Levels

Level graph $G_{1,2} = (V_1 \cup V_2, E_{1,2} = E \cap V_1 \times V_2, \gamma)$ between l_1 and l_2



$\mathcal{O}_i :=$ circular order on V_i



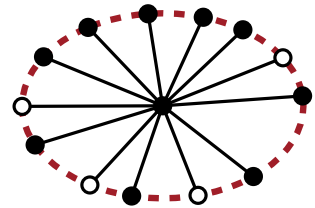
$\mathcal{O} :=$ circular order on E

Lemma

\exists **RLE** of $G_{1,2}$ with **edge ordering** \mathcal{O} in which \mathcal{O}_1 and \mathcal{O}_2 are the orders on V_1 and V_2 if and only if

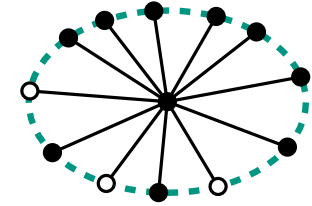
- order \mathcal{O} is **vertex-consecutive**
- orders \mathcal{O}_1 and \mathcal{O}_2 **extend** the orders \mathcal{O}_1^+ and \mathcal{O}_2^- on V_1^+ and V_2^- induced by \mathcal{O}

Simultaneous PQ-Ordering: from 2 to k levels

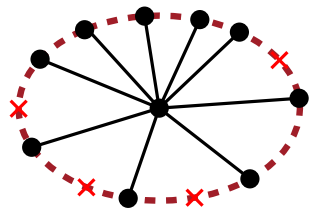


level tree $T_1 :=$
univ. PQ-tree on V_1

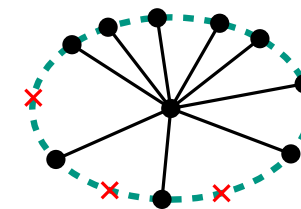
layer tree $T_{1,2}$ represents exactly the
(vertex-consecutive) edge orderings



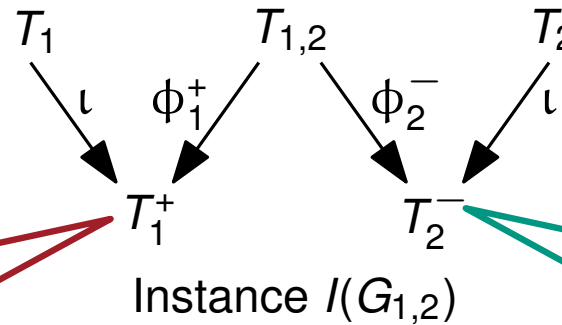
level tree $T_2 :=$
univ. PQ-tree on V_2



consistency tree $T_1^+ :=$
univ. PQ-tree on V_1^+



consistency tree $T_2^- :=$
univ. PQ-tree on V_2^-



2 levels

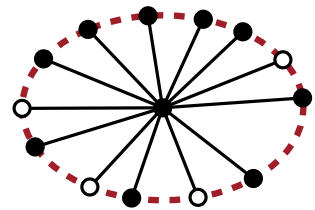


k levels

Radial

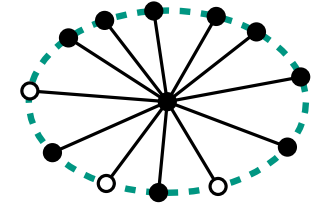
Torus

Simultaneous PQ-Ordering: from 2 to k levels

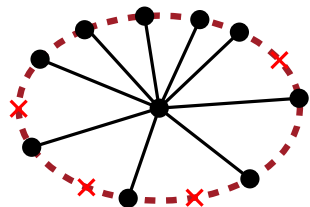


level tree $T_1 :=$
univ. PQ-tree on V_1

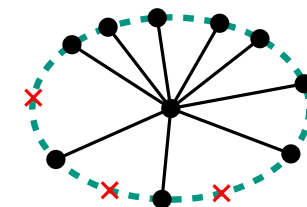
layer tree $T_{1,2}$ represents exactly the
(vertex-consecutive) edge orderings



level tree $T_2 :=$
univ. PQ-tree on V_2



consistency tree $T_1^+ :=$
univ. PQ-tree on V_1^+



consistency tree $T_2^- :=$
univ. PQ-tree on V_2^-

2 levels

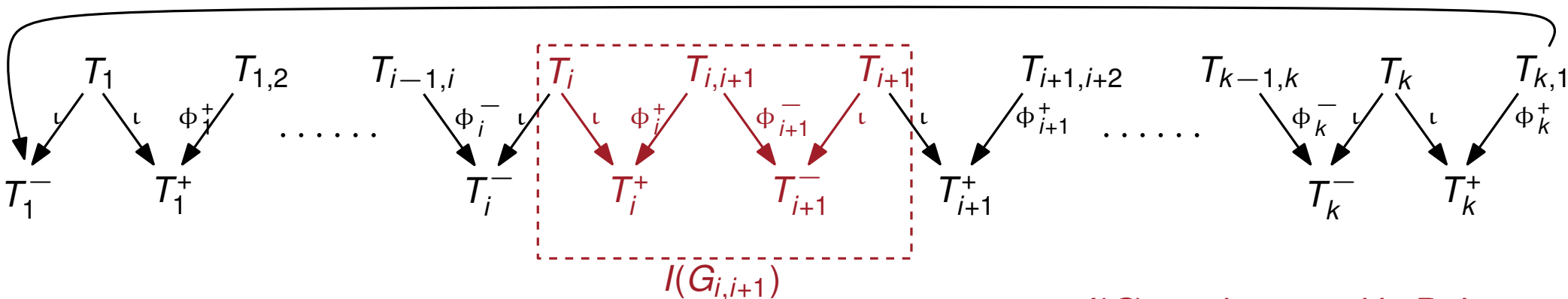


k levels

Radial

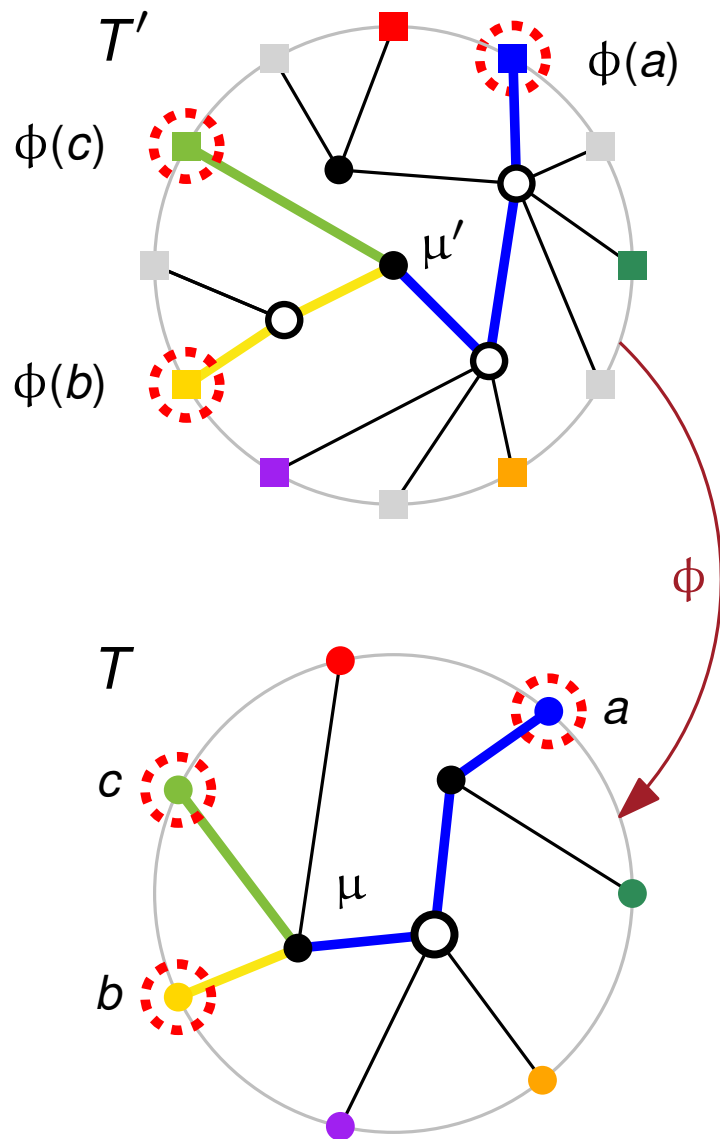
Torus

$$\text{Instance } I(G) = \bigcup_{i=1}^k I(G_{i,i+1}) \text{ (where } k+1=1)$$



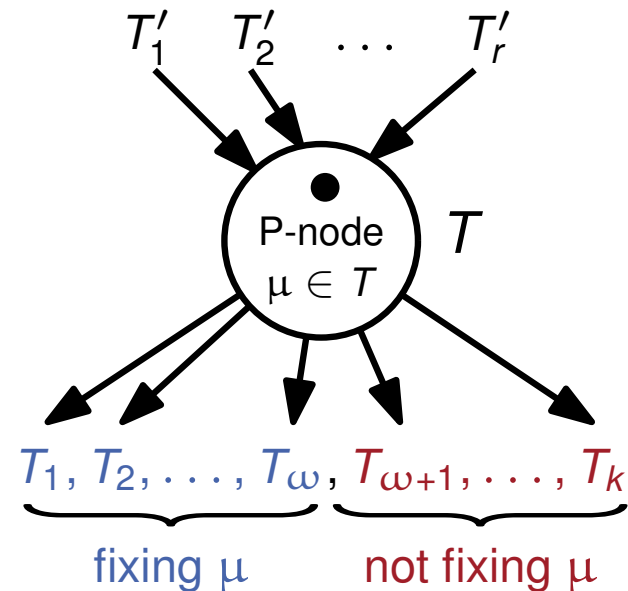
$I(G)$ can be tested in P-time ...

Simultaneous PQ-Ordering: Fixedness



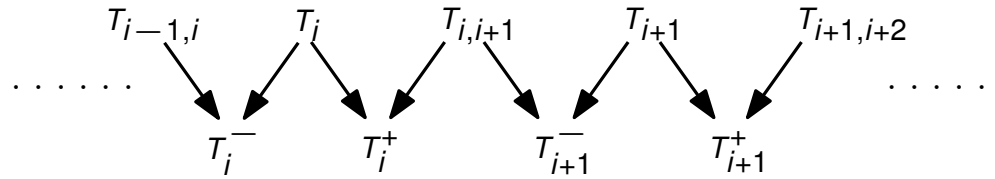
P-node μ' in T' (*parent*) is **fixed by** node μ in T (*child*) if there exist vertex-disjoint paths:

1. $a \rightarrow \mu, b \rightarrow \mu, c \rightarrow \mu$ in T and
2. $\phi(a) \rightarrow \mu', \phi(b) \rightarrow \mu', \phi(c) \rightarrow \mu'$ in T'



- some nodes (ω) in a children might fix a node in the parent
- **normalization**: we can assume that all nodes in a children fix **exactly a node** in the parent

Simultaneous PQ-Ordering: Fixedness



fixedness

$$\text{fixed}(\mu) = \omega + \sum_{i=1}^r (\text{fixed}(\mu_i) - 1)$$

children fixed μ ← P-node $\mu_i \in T_i'$ fixed by μ

source PQ-trees

(layer and level trees)
 $\omega = 2$ and $r = 0$

sink PQ-trees

(consistency trees)
 $\omega = 0$ and $r = 2$

2-fixed!!

2-fixed!!

Th. 3.2,3.3 [Bläsius & Rutter, SODA '13]

Sim. PQ-Ordering is solvable in quadratic time for **fixed**(μ) ≤ 2 instances.

2-fixed!!

Theorem

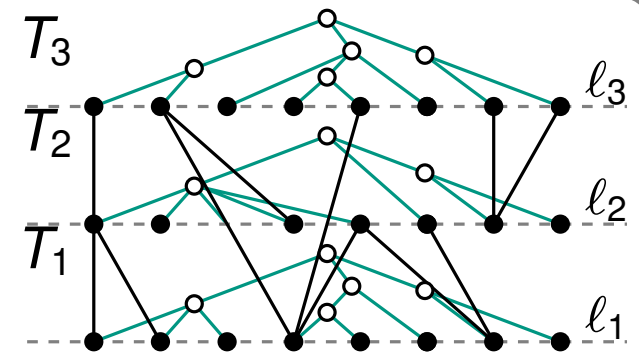
Torus Level Planarity (Cyclic Level Planarity) can be decided in $O(|V|^2)$ time for proper level graphs ($O(|V|^4)$ time for general level graphs)

Cyclic, Radial, and Torus \mathcal{T} -Level Planarity

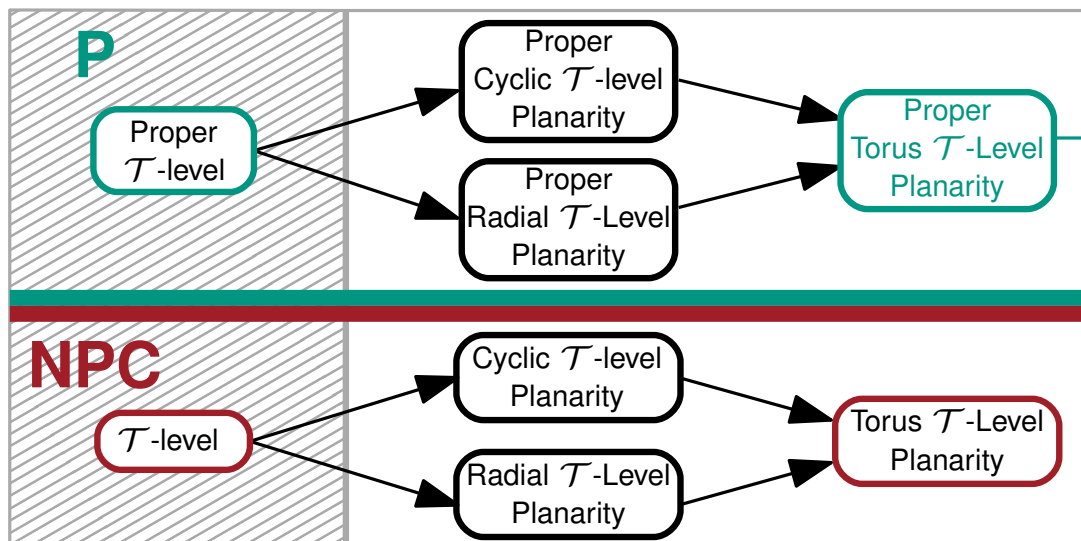
- **input:** level graph $(\bigcup_{i=1}^k V_i, E, \gamma)$ and set $\mathcal{T} = \bigcup_{i=1}^k \bar{T}_i$ of PQ-trees with $\mathcal{L}eaves(\bar{T}_i) = V_i$
- **question:** \exists (Cyclic) Torus Level Embedding Γ in which \forall_i the order \mathcal{O}_i on V_i along ℓ_i is **consistent with** T_i ?

Problem already studied in the **plane**:

- Wotzlaw, A., Speckenmeyer, E., Porschen, S.: **Generalized k-ary tanglegrams on level graphs: A satisfiability-based approach and its evaluation.** *DAM*, 2012.
- Angelini, P., Da Lozzo, G., Di Battista, G., Frati, F., Roselli, V.: **The importance of being proper: (in clustered-level planarity and T-level planarity).** *TCS*, 2015.



computational complexity:

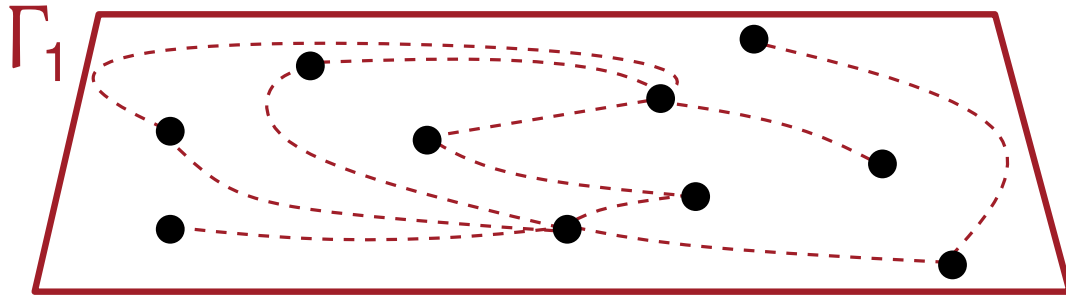


proper instances

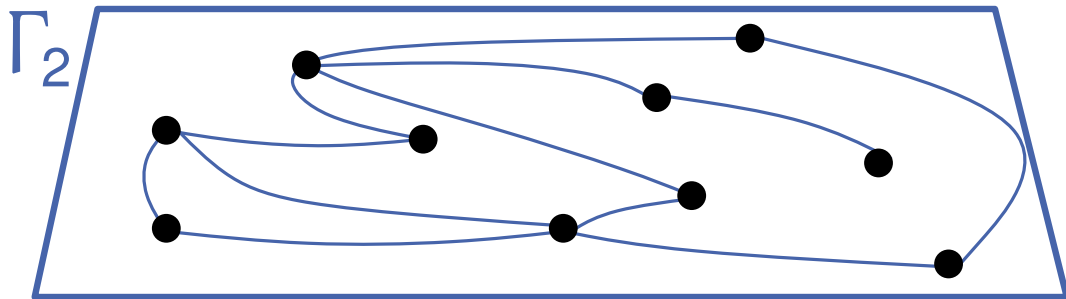
hint: in the construction of $I(G)$ replace each **level tree** T_i with PQ-tree \bar{T}_i

Drawing Multiple Level Planar Graphs (SIMULTANEOUS LEVEL PLANARITY)

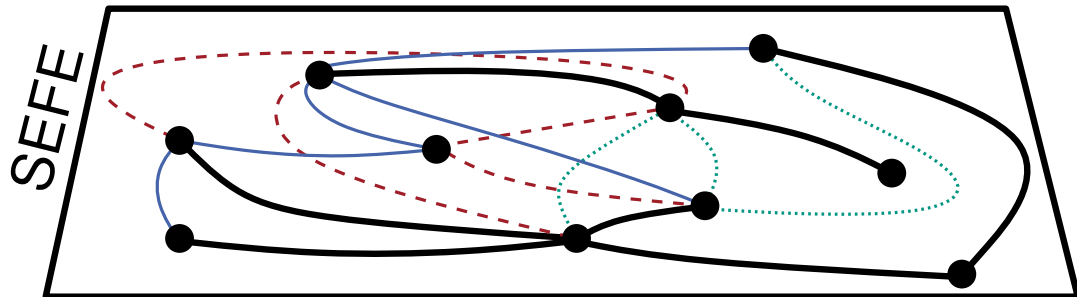
Simultaneous Embedding with Fixed Edges



+



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Problem definition

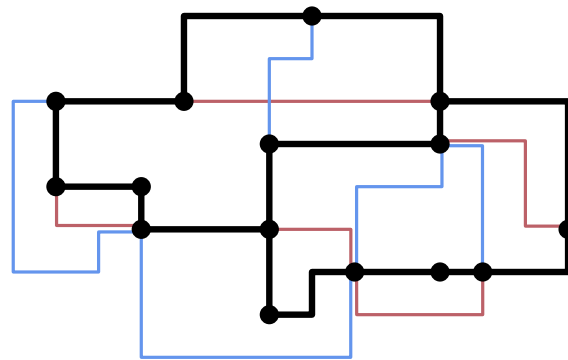
- **input:** $G_1(V, E_1)$, $G_2(V, E_2)$
- **question:** existence of *planar drawings* Γ_1 and Γ_2 such that
 1. **vertices:**
 - $\forall v \in V, \Gamma_i(v) = \Gamma_j(v)$
 2. **shared edges:**
 - $\forall e \in E_i \cap E_j, \Gamma_i(e) = \Gamma_j(e)$

Combining Problems

NEW PROBLEMS := SEFE + Drawing Style \mathcal{S}

Examples

1. $\mathcal{S} = \text{Orthogonal Drawings}$ \rightarrow Angelini, P., Chaplick, S., Cornelsen, S., Da Lozzo, G., Di Battista, G., Eades, P., Kindermann, P., Kratochvíl, J., Lipp, F., Rutter, I.. **Simultaneous Orthogonal Planarity**. *GD '16*.



OrthoSEFE of
 $\langle (V, E_1), (V, E_2) \rangle$

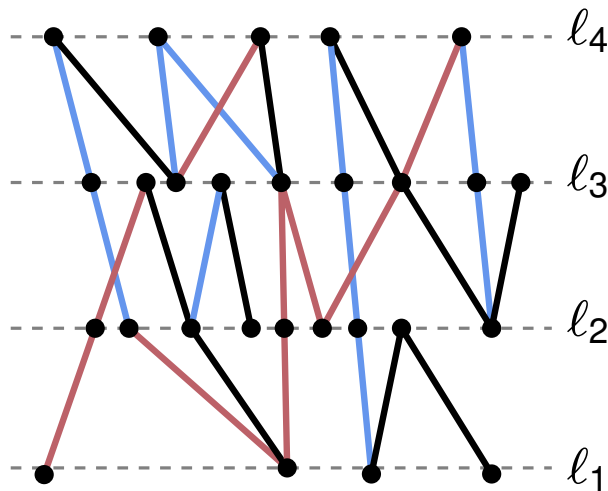
- $\mathcal{S} \in \{\text{Upward Drawings}, \text{Convex Drawings}, \underline{\underline{\text{Level Drawings}}}, \dots\}?$

Simultaneous Level Planarity

Problem definition:

input: h proper level graphs $(V, E_1, \gamma), \dots, (V, E_h, \gamma)$ (γ is the same $\forall i$)

question: are there level embeddings Γ_i for each (V, E_i, γ) mapping the vertices in V to the same points along the corresponding levels?

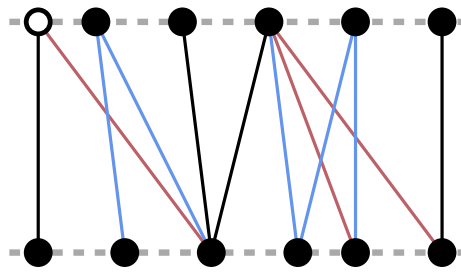
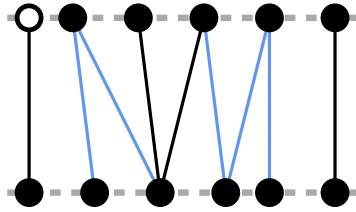


Sim. Level Embedding of $\langle (V, E_1, \gamma), (V, E_2, \gamma) \rangle$

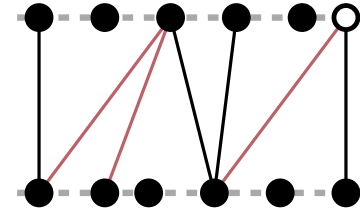
Complexity

# Levels \ # Graphs	2	≥ 3
2	P	NPC
≥ 3	NPC	NPC

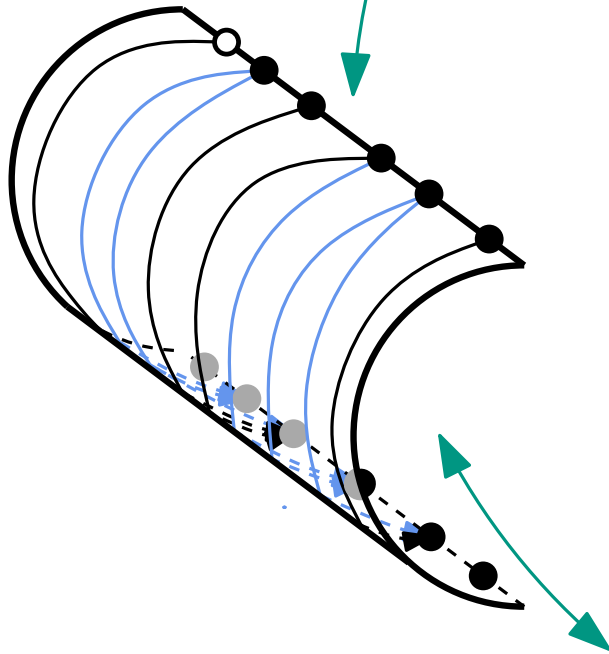
2 Levels 2 Graphs



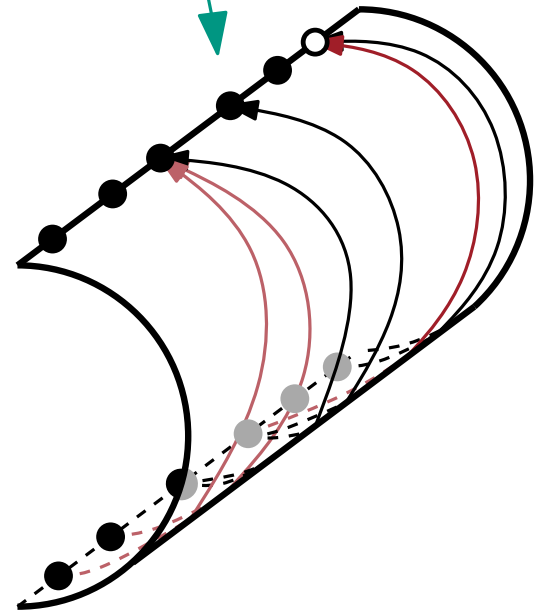
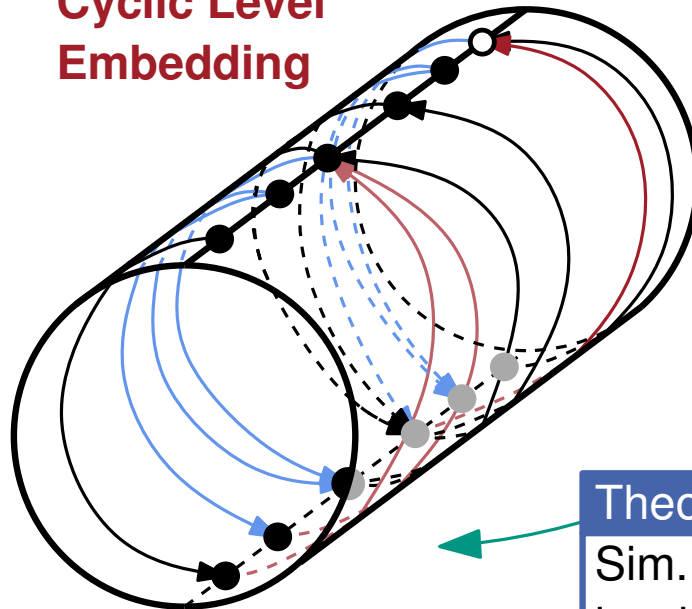
**Simultaneous
Level Embedding**



flip



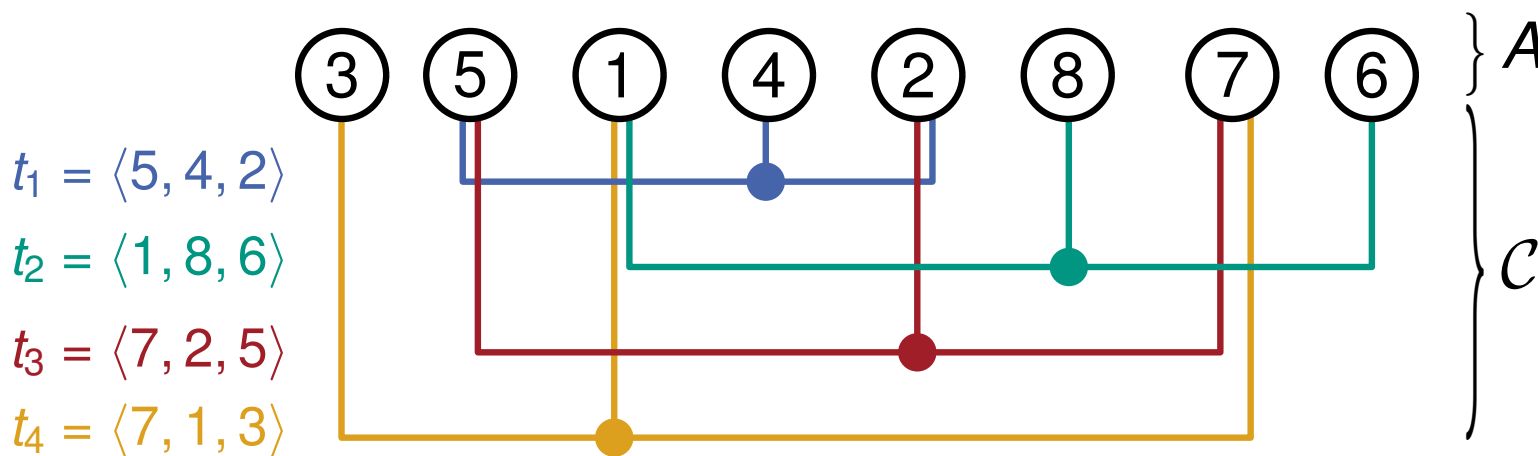
**Cyclic Level
Embedding**



Theorem
Sim. Level Planarity of 2 graphs on 2 levels can be tested in quadratic time

The Betweenness Problem

- **input:** pair $\langle A, C \rangle$
 - a finite set A of n objects
 - a set C of m ordered triples $t_i = \langle \alpha_i, \beta_i, \delta_i \rangle$ of objects in A



- **question:** existence of a **linear ordering** \mathcal{O} on A such that, for each triple $t_i \in C$, it holds either

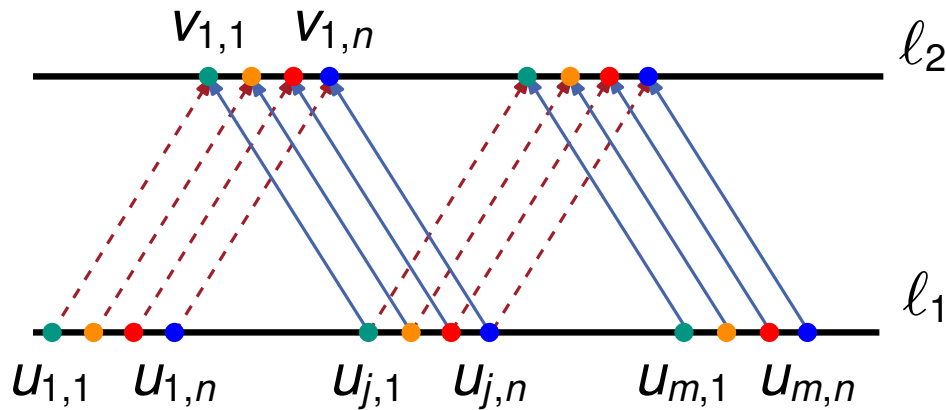
$$\mathcal{O} = \langle \dots, \alpha_i, \dots, \beta_i, \dots, \delta_i, \dots \rangle \text{ or } \mathcal{O} = \langle \dots, \delta_i, \dots, \beta_i, \dots, \alpha_i, \dots \rangle$$

Theorem [Opatrny - J. Comp.'79]

Betweenness is \mathcal{NP} -Complete

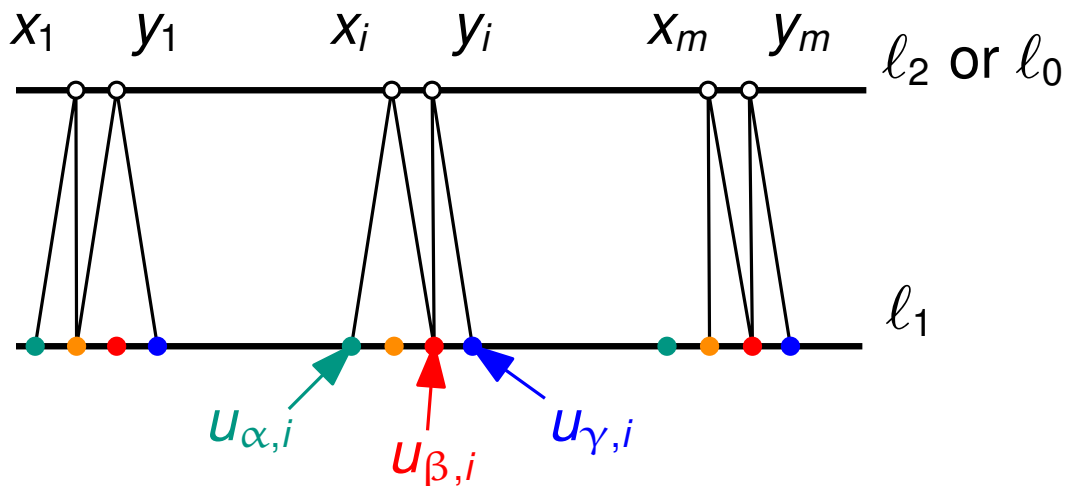
Gadgets

Ordering gadget: pair $\langle (V, E_1, \gamma), (V, E_2, \gamma) \rangle$ of level graphs on two levels



Property:
 $\forall i = 1, \dots, |A|$, vertices
 $U_{i,1}, \dots, U_{i,n}$
 appear in the same
 left-to-right order

Triplet gadget: single level graph (V, E, γ) on two levels

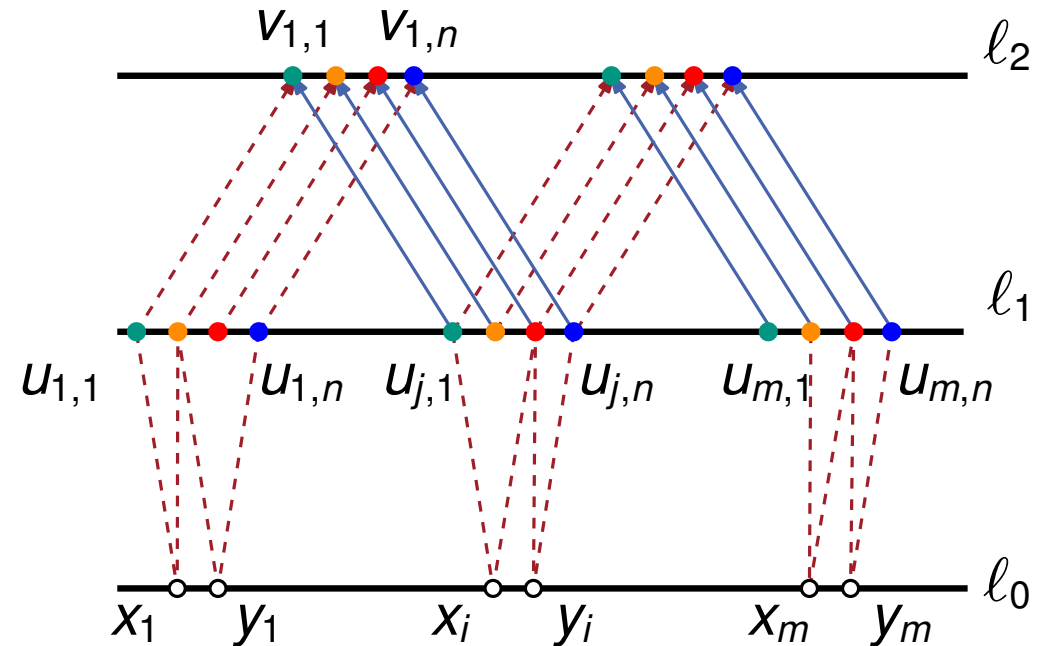
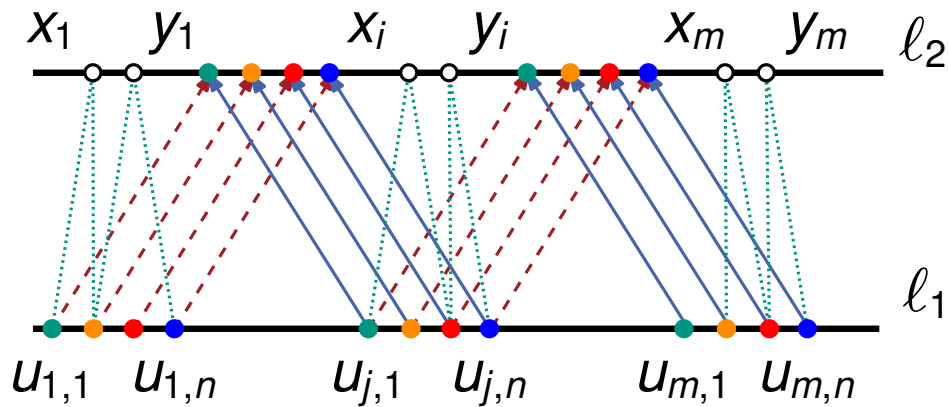


Property:
 $\forall i = 1, \dots, |C|$, vertex $U_{\beta,i}$
 is between $U_{\alpha,i}$ and $U_{\gamma,i}$
 along l_1

NP-completeness

Theorem

Simultaneous Level Planarity is *NP*-complete even for
3 graphs on 2 levels and **2 graphs on 3 levels**



- all graphs can be made **connected** at the expense of using one **additional level**
- all theorems hold true even if the simultaneous embedding is **geometric, without fixed edges**, or **with fixed edges**

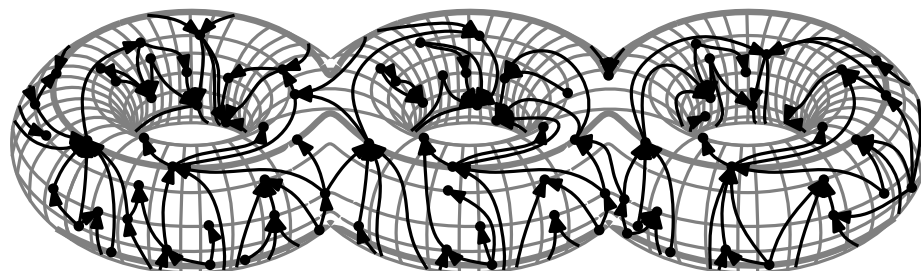
Conclusions and Open Problems

Results:

- we gave a simple testing and embedding algorithm for TORUS LEVEL PLANARITY (CYCLIC LEVEL PLANARITY) that runs in $O(|V|^2)$ time for proper level graphs ($O(|V|^4)$ time for general level graphs)
- we established a complexity dichotomy for SIMULTANEOUS LEVEL PLANARITY w.r.t. the # of graphs and the # of levels

Open problems:

- design new techniques to improve the time bounds
- extend the concept of level planarity to surfaces of higher genus



Beyond Level Planarity

24th International Symposium on Graph Drawing & Network Visualization

19–21 September, Athens, Greece

Patrizio Angelini, **Giordano Da Lozzo**, Fabrizio Frati,
Giuseppe Di Battista, Maurizio Patrignani, Ignaz Rutter

WILHELM-SCHICKHARD-INSTITUT FÜR INFORMATIK · TÜBINGEN UNIVERSITY
DEPARTMENT OF ENGINEERING · ROMA TRE UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF INFORMATICS · KARLSRUHE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY



ευχαριστώ

Thank you!

Conclusions and Open Problems

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